Medium of instruction: English

# Micro Economic Analysis -I

## **OBJECTIVE**

To make the students familiar with the economic behaviour of individuals, firms and markets.

#### UNIT I

Theory of Consumer's Behaviour – Cardinal and Indifference Curve Analysis – Consumer's Equilibrium-Application of Indifference Curve Analysis – Revealed Preference Approach .

#### UNIT II

Modern Utility Analysis – St.Petersburg Paradox and Bernoullian Hypothesis– Neumann Morgenstern Theory of Decision Making – Friedman Savage Hypothesis– Markovitz Hypothesis.

# UNIT III

Production Function-Linear Homogeneous Production Function-Cobb Douglas Production Function-Optimal Combination of Resources-Maximizing Output for Given Cost-Minimization of Cost Subject to Given Output-Expansion Path

# **UNIT IV**

Theory of Cost: Traditional Theory of Cost–Modern Theory of Cost–Analysis of Economies of Scale-Theories of Firms: Price and Output Determination under Perfect Competition–Supply Curve of Firm and Industry under Perfect Competition

# **UNIT V**

Short Run and Long Run Equilibrium of the Monopoly Firm-Bilateral Monopoly - Price and Output Determination under Monopolistic Competition-Product Differentiation- Selling Cost.

## **REFERENCES**

- 1. A. Koutsoyiannis, *Modern Micro- Economics*, Macmillan Press, 1983.
- 2. William J. Baumol, *Economic Theory and Operations Analysis*, Prentice-Hall India Ltd., New Delhi.
- 3. Bilas, A. *Micro Economic Theory*, McGraw Hill, 1971.
- 4. C.E. Ferguson, *Microeconomic Theory*, Richard Irwin, 1966.
- 5. H.L. Ahuja, *Advanced Economic Theory*, S Chand, 2004.

# **Question Paper Pattern**

Maximum Marks: 75 Exam Duration: 3 Hours

Part A 10x2=20 Answer all Question (Two questions from each unit)

Part B 5x5=25 Answer all Question (Either or type – Two question from each unit)

Part C 3x10=30 (Answer any three questions one question from each unit)

Medium of instruction: English

# MACRO ECONOMICS I

#### **OBJECTIVE**

Macroeconomics analyses establish the functional relationships between large aggregates.

The paper equips the students at the postgraduate level to understand systematic facts and latest theoretical developments for empirical analysis at economy level.

# **UNIT I**

Macro Economic Goals - National Income - Concept- Measurement - Problems - Social Accounting - Methods - Flow of Funds in National Economy - Measurements and Problems in National Income Accounting .

#### UNIT II

National Economic Accounting: Social Accounting – Presentation – Importance – Difficulties – Input – Output Accounting Analysis – Importance – flow of Funds Accounts – Importance – Balance of Payment Accounts – Structure and Classification.

#### Unit – III

Consumption Function: Introduction – Keynes's Psychological Law of Consumption Function – Implications of Law – Theories – Absolute Income Relative Income, Permanent Income and Life Cycle Hypothesis.

#### Unit - IV

Investment Function: Types of Investment – Marginal Efficiency of Capital – Marginal Efficiency of Investment – Multiplier – Balance Budget Multiplier and Foreign Trade Multiplier.

# Unit - V

Acceleration – Multiplier – Principle of Interactions. Super Multiplier – Business Cycles – Uses – Types – Schumpeter" s Theory of Innovation.

## REFERENCES

- 1. Edward Shapiro, *Macro Economics*, Vikas publishers Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 2. Garner Ackely, *Macro Economics*, Macmillan, New York, 1961
- 3. Don Friesch, Macro Economics, McGraw Hills, London,
- 4. M.L. Jhingan, *Macro Economic Theory*, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi.

## **Question Paper Pattern**

Maximum Marks: 75 Exam Duration: 3 Hours

Part A 10x2=20 Answer all Question (Two questions from each unit)

Part B 5x5=25 Answer all Question (Either or type – Two question from each unit)

Part C 3x10=30 (Answer any three questions one question from each unit)

Medium of instruction: English

# MONEY AND BANKING

## **OBJECTIVES:**

- To enable the students to know about the Banking System in India
- To enable the students to know about the Monetary Policy in India

#### Unit – I

Barter system-Evolution- Functions of Money- Classification- Money and Near Money-Nature and Definition of Money- Theoretical and Empirical definition of Money- Functions of Money

# Unit – II

Monetary Theories: Concept – Meaning and value of Money in an Economy – Fisher's Quantity Theory – Cambridge Cash Balance Approach – Keyensian Theory of Money and Prices-Friedmen's Approach of Quantity Theory

## Unit – III

Reserve Bank of India- Objectives-Organisational Structures-Functions-Exchange control Management of Reserve Bank of India- Monetary Policy of Reserve Bank of India

#### Unit – IV

Meaning-Functions of Commercial Bank-The Balance sheet of a Commercials Bank-Role of Commercial Banks in Developing Countries- Credit Creation- Credit Control

# Unit - V

Nationalisation of Commercial Banks-Introduction-Justification of Nationalisation of Commercial Banks-objectives-Functioning of Public Sector Banks in India-Recent trends in Banking System

# **Reference:**

- 1. Monetary Economics-M.L.Jhingan- Fifth Edition Vrinda Publication Pvt .Ltd New Delhi
- 2. Monetary Theory-H.L.Bhatia First Edition Vikas Publication House Pvt .Ltd New Delhi
- 3. Monetary and Fiscal Economics-P.R. Krishna Aiyar First Edition Sterling Publication Pvt .Ltd New Delhi

# **Question Paper Pattern**

Maximum Marks: 75 Exam Duration: 3 Hours

Part A 10x2=20 Answer all Question (Two questions from each unit)

**Part B** 5x5=25 Answer all Question (Either or type – Two question from each unit)

**Part C** 3x10=30 (Answer any three questions one question from each unit)

Medium of instruction: English

#### FISCAL ECONOMICS

#### **OBJECTIVE**

To provide the students an understanding of the overall effect of fiscal policies on economic activity.

## UNIT I

Public Finance – Nature and Scope of Public Finance – Musgrave's Theory- Principles of Maximum Social Advantage- Private Goods – Public Goods – Merit Goods – Externalities .

#### UNIT II

Wagner's Views of Public Expenditure – Wiseman – Peacock Hypothesis – Musgrave and Rostow's Development Model – Critical Limit Hypothesis -Pure Theory of Public Expenditure - Social Cost Benefit Analysis – Evaluation of Public Expenditure – Causes of Growth in Public Expenditure in India - Effect of Public Expenditure on Product and distribution.

## **UNIT III**

Principles of Taxation – The Principles of Equity – Bown and Lindahl's Models of Provision of Social Good–Ability To Pay Theory – Theory of Optimal Taxation – Effects of taxation – Modern Theory – Incidence of Taxation and Shifting.

# **UNIT IV**

Public Debt - Keynesian and Post Keynesian Theories of Public Debt - Techniques of Borrowings - Burden of Public Debt - Public Debt Management - Measures of Redemption-Budgeting - Zero Based and Performance Based Budget.

#### UNIT V

Fiscal Policy – Objectives – Functional Finance – Federal Finance – Principles of Federal Finance, Allocation of Resources Between Central And States – Local Finance – Evaluation of Thirteenth Finance Commission Report.

## **REFERENCES**

- 1) Musgrave and Musgrave, Theory of Public Finance, McGraw Hills, London.
- 2) B.P. Tyagi, *Public Finance*, Jai Prakash Nath, 2004.
- 3) H.D. Bhatia, *Public Finance*, Vikas Publishing House, 2006.
- **4**) Department of Economic Affairs, Report On **11th Finance Commission** (For 2000 2005).

# **Question Paper Pattern**

Maximum Marks: 75 Exam Duration: 3 Hours

Part A 10x2=20 Answer all Question (Two questions from each unit)

Part B 5x5=25 Answer all Question (Either or type – Two question from each unit)

**Part C** 3x10=30 (Answer any three questions one question from each unit)

Medium of instruction: English

## COMPUTER APPLICATIONS IN ECONOMICS

# **OBJECTIVE**

To provide the students the basic knowledge on computers and the application of relevant computer software in the application of economic models.

#### UNIT-I

History of Computer-Uses of Computer - Components of Computer - Input, Output Devices - Storage Devices-Application of Computer in Economics.

#### **UNIT-II**

Hardware and Software – Application and System Software- Computer Languages- Machine Language- Assembly Language –Assembler - High-Level Language –Compiler- Liner-Interpreter.

# **UNIT-III**

MS Word - Typing, Selecting, Editing and Moving Texts - Saving Documents - Printing Documents - Word Formatting Tools - Headers, Footers, Page Formatting, Footnotes - Tabs, Columns, Sorting.

## **UNIT-IV**

Basics of Excel - Entering Data - Selecting Ranges - Editing Entries - Formatting Entries - Simple Calculation - Sum - Average - Standard Deviation - Creating Graphs.

#### UNIT V

Definition and Uses of Internet – Salient Features – Uses of Internet in Economic Research – Sources of Economic Data Using internet (CSO, MOSPI, NSS, RBI) – Applications of Statistical Packages - SPSS- e-views, strata – SPSS Comments.

# REFERENCES

- 1. Sinha, P.K. Computer Fundamentals, BPB Publications, New Delhi.
- 2. Raja Raman, V. Fundamentals of Computers, Prentice Hall, New Delhi.
- 3. Kerns: Essentials of Microsoft Windows, Word and Excel, PHI.
- 4. Alexis Leon and Mathews Leon: Introduction to Computers with Ms-Office, Tata Mc Graw.Hill
- 5. Asthana and Braj Bhushan: Statistics for Social Sciences (with SPSS applications), PHI.

## **Question Paper Pattern**

Maximum Marks: 75 Exam Duration: 3 Hours

Part A 10x2=20 Answer all Question (Two questions from each unit)

Part B 5x5=25 Answer all Question (Either or type – Two question from each unit)

Part C 3x10=30 (Answer any three questions one question from each unit)

Medium of instruction: English

## **OBJECTIVES:**

• To enable the students to know about the Economics of Gender in India

• To enable the students to know about the role of Gender in development

# **Economics of Gender and Development**

#### Unit-I:

Introduction to Gender Studies and Demographic Aspects- Importance and concepts of women studie- Economic basis and functioning of patriarchy in developed and LDCs, particularly India; Gender bias in the theories of value, distribution, and population.

# Unit-II:

Conceptualization of Women's Work Concept and analysis of women's work: Valuation of productive and unproductive work; visible and invisible work; paid and unpaid work; economically productive and socially productive work.

## Unit-III:

Women and Labour Markets Factors affecting female entry in labour market; Supply and demand for female labour in developed and developing countries, particularly India; Studies of female work participation in agriculture, non-agricultural rural activities, informal sector, cottage and small-scale industries, organized industry, and services sector

# Unit-IV:

Women, Technology and Environment Impact of technological development and modernization on women's work participation in agriculture, non agriculture rural activities, small and cottage industries and organized industry.

# Unit-V:

Gender Planning, Development Policies and Governance Gender and development indices; Gender Development Index (GDI) and Gender Empowerment Measure (GEM); Mainstreaming gender into development policies; Gender-planning techniques

# **Basic Reading List.**

1 Government of India (1974), Towards Equality – Report of the Committee on the Status of Women in India, Department of Social Welfare, Ministry of Education and Social Welfare, New Delhi. 2. M. (2000), Women and Development: The Indian Experience, Sage Publications, New Delhi.

# **Question Paper Pattern**

Maximum Marks: 75 Exam Duration: 3 Hours

Part A 10x2=20 Answer all Question (Two questions from each unit)

Part B 5x5=25 Answer all Question (Either or type – Two question from each unit)

**Part C** 3x10=30 (Answer any three questions one question from each unit)

Medium of instruction: English

## **OBJECTIVES:**

• To enable the students to know about the Economics of Insurance in India

• To enable the students to know about the risk management.

# ECONOMICS OF INSURANCE

#### Unit-I

Economic Security; Human quest for economic security through time; Exposure to losses; Role and definition of insurance; Risk pooling and risk transfer; Economic and legal perspectives, Social vs. private insurance; Life vs. non-life insurance; Classification of life, health and general insurance policies.

#### Unit- II

Fundamentals of life & health insurance; Functions of life & health insurance; Plans of life insurance; Legal aspects of life insurance; Provisions of policies; Individual health insurance; Uses and types of evaluation; Principles of underwriting of life & health insurance; Group insurance and superannuation (pension) schemes.

## Unit-III

Fundamentals of uncertainty & risk; Pure risk & speculative risk; Expected utility and decision-making under uncertainty; Expected utility & demand for the insurance; Moral hazard and insurance demand

# Unit-IV

Concept of risk management-Essentials of risk management; Elements of risk assessment; Risk control & risk financing. Worldwide risk sharing- concept of reinsurance, types of re-insurers; Reinsurance distribution systems, reinsurance markets in developing countries; .

# Unit-V

Definition, types and importance of general insurance; Concept of short term risk; Basics of Common law, equity, proposal/accidence, indemnity, insurable interest, contribution subrogation; representation; utmost good faith, selection and inspection of risks; rating and calculation of premiums; tariffs and non-tariffs; technology development and general insurance.

#### **Basic Reading List**

- Black. K. Jr. and H.D. Skipper Jr.(2000), Life & Health Insurance, Prentice Hall, Upper Saddle River, New Jerssey.
- Dionne, G. and S.E. Harrington (eds.) (1997), Foundations of Insurance Economics, Kluwer academic Publishers, Boston.
- Pteffer, I. And D.R. Klock (1974), Perspectives on Insurance, Prentice Hall Inc., Engleword Cliffs.

# **Question Paper Pattern**

Maximum Marks: 75 Exam Duration: 3 Hours

**Part A** 10x2=20 Answer all Question (Two questions from each unit)

Part B 5x5=25 Answer all Question (Either or type – Two question from each unit)

Medium of instruction: English

# Micro Economic Analysis -II

# **OBJECTIVE**

To make the students familiarity with the economic behaviour of individuals, firms and markets

## **UNIT I**

Pricing Under Oligopoly – Non Collusive Models – Cournot – Betrand \_ Edgeworth – Chamberlin – Stackleberg Model – Paul Sweezy"s Kinked Demand Model – Collusive Models – Cartels – Price Leadership Models – (Low Cost, Dominant Firm)

# **UNIT II**

Welfare Economics: Criteria of a Social Welfare – Growth of GNP as a Welfare Criterion Bentham's Criterion – A Cardinalist Criterion the Pareto Optimality Criterion – New Welfare Economics.

#### UNIT III

Factor Pricing in Perfectly Competitive Market – Factor Pricing in Imperfectly Competitive Market – Elasticity of Substitution – Euler's Theorem of Product Exhaustion.

#### **UNIT IV**

General Equilibrium Theory – Interdependence- The Walrasian System – Graphical Treatment of the Two Factors, Two Commodities and Two Consumer General Equilibrium System – General Equilibrium and Resource Allocation.

# **UNIT V**

Welfare Economics- Criteria of Social Welfare by Adam Smith, Bentham and Cardinalists – Pareto Optimality Criteria – Kaldor Hicks Compensation Criteria – Scitovsky Double Criterion – Bergson"s Social Welfare Criterion – Maximization of Social Welfare – Derivation of Grand Utility Possibility Frontier.

# REFERENCES

- 1. A. Koutsoyiannis, *Modern Micro- Economics*, Macmillan press, 1983.
- 2. William J. Baumol, *Economic Theory and Operations Analysis*, Prentice-Hall India Ltd., New Delhi.
- 3. H.L. Ahuja, *Advanced Economic Theory*, S Chand, 2004.

# **Question Paper Pattern**

Maximum Marks: 75 Exam Duration: 3 Hours

**Part A** 10x2=20 Answer all Question (Two questions from each unit)

Part B 5x5=25 Answer all Question (Either or type – Two question from each unit)

**Part C** 3x10=30 (Answer any three questions one question from each unit)

Medium of instruction: English

# **MACRO ECONOMICS - II**

#### Unit – I

Neo Classical and Keynesian Synthesis: Neo Classical and Keynesian views on Interest Macro Economic Policy – Monetary and Fiscal Policies – Delegated of IS & CM Curves

#### Unit – II

Growth Models: The Harrod Domar Models "s - Neo Classical Model of Economic Growth - The solow Model of long Run Growth - Kallor 's Model of Growth.

# Unit - III

Macro Economics in an open Economy : Flemiy Model - Asset Markets – Expectations and Exchange Rates – Monetary approach 's to Balance of Payments.

## Unit - IV

Theories of Inflation: Classical, Keynesian and Monetary Approaches – Structural Theory of Inflation – Philips Curve Analysis - Samuel and Solow - The Natural Rate of Unemployment Hypothesis – Tokin's Modified Philips – Policies to Control Inflation.

#### Unit - V

New Classical macro Economics: Principles – Policy implications if New Classical Approach Evidence .

# **Reference:**

- 1. Macro Economic Theory and Policy, D.N. Dwivedi (2007), 3rd Edition, McGraw, Hill book Company Pvt. Ltd., Singapore.
- 2. Macro Economic Theory and Policy, Dr. H.L. Ahuja (2009), S.Chand And Company Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 3. Macro Economics, M.L.Jhingan (2011), 8th Revised Edition, Konarad Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.

## **Question Paper Pattern**

Maximum Marks: 75 Exam Duration: 3 Hours

**Part A** 10x2=20 Answer all Question (Two questions from each unit)

Part B 5x5=25 Answer all Question (Either or type – Two question from each unit)

**Part C** 3x10=30 (Answer any three questions one question from each unit)

Credit:4 Semester - II Code: S2PEC7

Hours / week:6

Medium of instruction: English

# INTRODUCTORY ECONOMETRICS

## **OBJECTIVES**

1 To provide the basic knowledge on the application of econometric tools and techniques to describe economic reality

#### UNIT I

Definition – Scope and Methodology of Econometrics – Goals Of Econometrics – Two Variable Regression Model – Theoretical Properties of Estimators .

#### **UNIT II**

Simple Linear Regression Model – Assumptions of OLSM - Coefficient of Determination (R2) – Statistical Tests of Significance of Least Square Estimates – Properties of OLSM.

## **UNIT III**

ANOVA – One Way and Two Way – Regression and ANOVA – Testing the Overall Significance of Regression – Testing the Stability of Regression Coefficients to Sample Size.

#### UNIT IV

Forecasting Types – Errors in Two Variable Case – RMS – Confidence Interval Forecasting with Linear Regression Model – Evaluation of Forecasting .

## **UNIT V**

Introduction to Simultaneous Equation Model – Introduction to Muticollinearity – Autocorrelation – Hetroscadasticity - Identification – Order and Rank Condition .

# **REFERENCES**

- 1. A.Koutsoiyannis, *Theory of Econometrics*, McMillan, London.
- 2. David E.Katz, *Introduction to Econometrics*, McGraw Hills, Singapore.
- 3. Damodar Gujrati, Basic Econometrics, McGraw Hills, Singapore.
- 4. Damodar Gujrati, Essentials of Econometrics, McGraw Hills, Singapore.
- 5. Lawrence Klien, *Principles of Econometrics*, McGraw Hills, Singapore.

## **Question Paper Pattern**

Maximum Marks: 75 Exam Duration: 3 Hours

Part A 10x2=20 Answer all Question (Two questions from each unit)

Part B 5x5=25 Answer all Question (Either or type – Two question from each unit)

Part C 3x10=30 (Answer any three questions one question from each unit)

Credit:4 Semester - II Code: S2PEC8

Hours / week:6

Medium of instruction: English

# **OBJECTIVES**

To provide the basic knowledge on the contributions made by the Noble Laureattes to various fields of Economics

# CONTRIBUTION OF NOBEL LAUREATES TO ECONOMICS

# UNIT:1

#### **Welfare Economics**

John Hicks; Kenneth Arrow; James Buchanan; Amertya K Sen;

## **UNIT 2:**

# Open Economy Macroeconomics, Theory of General Equilibrium.

Bertin Ohlin; James Meade; Robert Mundell; Paul Krugman;

# **UNIT 3:**

# Theory of Money, Economic Fluctuations and Policy

Gunner Myrdal Milton Friedman Robert Lucas;

# **UNIT 4:**

# **Economic Organizations, Game Theory and Decision Making**

John Forbes Nash; Reinhard Selten; Robert Aumann;

#### UNIT 5:

# **Tools in Economics and Mechanism Design Theory**

Ragnar Frisch; John Tinbergen; Paul Samuelson; Wassily Leontief;

# **References:**

- 1. Lindbeck, Assar (ed.) (1992), Nobel lectures in economic sciences 1969-1980, World Scientific, London.
- 2. Maler, Karl-Goram (ed.) (1992), Nobel lectures in economic sciences 1981-1990, World Scientific, London.
- 3. Puttaswamaiah (1995), Nobel Economists, Vol.2 1975-85, Indus Publishing Company, New Delhi.

# **Question Paper Pattern**

Maximum Marks: 75 Exam Duration: 3 Hours

**Part A** 10x2=20 Answer all Question (Two questions from each unit)

**Part B** 5x5=25 Answer all Question (Either or type – Two question from each unit)

Medium of instruction: English

# ECONOMICS OF HEALTH AND EDUCATION

#### **OBJECTIVES**

- 1. To impart knowledge on the importance of education and health.
- 2. To know about the components of Human resources to economic Development.

## **UNIT I**

Human Resources-Meaning and Definition-Importance of Human Resources- -The Theory of Investment in Human Capital –Return to Investment in Human Capital –The Rate of Return Approach- HDI and HD Report.

## **UNIT II**

Education and Economic Development- Investment in Education and Training –Rate of Return to Investment in Education. Benefits of Education – Direct and Indirect Benefits; Private and Social Benefits- Education, Employment and Income; Contribution of Education to Economic Growth.

## **UNIT III**

Supply of Human Resources- Fertility- Mortality- Population Growth-Causes, Consequences and Controlling Measures- Theories of Population Growth-Indian Population Policy-Demographic Dividend.

## **UNIT IV**

Economics of Health: Concept - Health and Health Care- Gossen Theory - Grossman's Model-Health as Consumption and an Investment Goods; The Role of Health in Economic Development; Comparison of Education and Health- Determinants of Health- Health Insurance in India.

## **UNIT-V**

Migration- Internal, External- Causes and Effects of Migration-Harris-Todaro Model- Brain Drain-Causes and Consequences.

#### REFERENCES

- 1. Becker, G.S.(1974) Human Capital. 2nd Edn., NBER, New York
- 2. Psacharapoulos.G Economics of Education-Research Studies Program Press
- 3. Rao T.V (1996) Human Resources Development, Experience, Interactions, Strategies. age Publications, New Delhi.
- 4. Klarman, H.E. (1965) Economics of Health, Columbia University Press, New York.

## **Question Paper Pattern**

Maximum Marks: 75 Exam Duration: 3 Hours

Part A 10x2=20 Answer all Question (Two questions from each unit)

Part B 5x5=25 Answer all Question (Either or type – Two question from each unit)

Part C 3x10=30 (Answer any three questions one question from each unit)

Semester – II Code: S2PECEL2B

Credit :4 Hours / week :6

Medium of instruction: English

## **OBJECTIVES:**

- To enable the students to know about the Economics of human resources
- To enable the students to know about the role of population in development

# **DEMOGRAPHY**

#### Unit-I

Population and Development- Meaning and scope of demography- Components of population growth and their inter-dependence; Measures of population change- Structure, distribution and sources of population data.

# **Unit-II**

Structure of Population -Population trends in the twentieth century; Population explosion – Threatened or real, distant or imminent; International aspects of population growth and distribution; Pattern of age and sex structure in more developed and less developed countries.

#### Unit-III

Fertility, Nuptiality and Mortality Importance of study of fertility – Total fertility rate, gross reproduction rate and net reproduction rate; Levels and trends of fertility in more and less developed countries; Factors affecting fertility – Socioeconomic factors, economic status, health, education, nutrition, caste, religion, race, region, rural-urban and status of husband and wife;

## **Unit-IV**

Urbanization and Demographic Data Base in India Urbanization – Growth and distribution of rural–urban population in developed and developing countries. Study of census in India – Methodology and characteristics of census; Nature of information collected in 1971, 1981, 1991, 2001, 2011 census in India.

## Unit V

Population and Development with Reference to India Population, economy and environment linkages – Population, health, nutrition, productivity nexus; Population and human development issues; Culture and fertility; Education and fertility, Demography and household economic behaviour.

# References;

- Agarwala S.N. (1972), India's Population Problem, Tata McGraw-Hill Co., Bombay.
- Bose, A. (1996), India's Basic Demographic Statistics, B.R. Publishing Corporation, New Delhi
- Bogue, D.J. (1971), Principles of Demography, John Wiley, New York.
- Chenery H. and T.N. Srinivasan (Eds.)(1989),
- Choubey, P.K. (2000), Population Policy in India, Kanishka Publications, New Delhi.

#### **Question Paper Pattern**

Maximum Marks: 75 Exam Duration: 3 Hours

**Part A** 10x2=20 Answer all Question (Two questions from each unit)

Part B 5x5=25 Answer all Question (Either or type – Two question from each unit)

Part C 3x10=30 (Answer any three questions one question from each unit)

# **QUANTITATIVE ECONOMICS**

Semester - II

Credit:4 Code: S2PECEL2C

Hours / week:6

Medium of instruction: English

# **OBJECTIVES:**

- To enable the students to know about the Economics of human resources
- To enable the students to know about the role of population in development

# Unit I

Concept of function and types of functions; Multivariable functions; Interpretation of revenue, cost, demand, supply functions; Rules of differentiation; Elasticity and their types; Rules of Partial differentiation and interpretation of partial derivatives;

#### Unit II

Problem of maxima and minima in single and multivariable function; Concept and simple rules of integration; Application to consumer's and producer' surplus.

# Unit III

Concept of Matrix and Determinant – types, simple operations on matrices, matrix inversion and rank of matrix; Solution of simultaneous equations through Cramer's rule and Matrix inverse method.

#### **Unit IV**

Difference equations – Solution of first order and second order difference equations; Applications in trade cycle models; Growth models and lagged market equilibrium models.

#### Unit V

Linear programming – Basic concept, Nature of feasible, basic and optimal solution; Solution of linear programming problem through graphical and simplex method;

#### **Basic Reading List**

- 1. Mathematics for Economics by Michael Hoy etal, PHI, New Delhi, 2004.
- 2.Quantitative Methods for Business and Economics by Adil H. Mouhammed, PHI, New Delhi, 2003. 3.Quantitative Methods by D.R. Aggarwal
- 4. Basic Mathematics for Economists by R.C. Joshi, New Academic Publishing

# **Question Paper Pattern**

Maximum Marks: 75 Exam Duration: 3 Hours

**Part A** 10x2=20 Answer all Question (Two questions from each unit)

Part B 5x5=25 Answer all Question (Either or type – Two question from each unit)

Credit:5
Hours / week:6

Medium of instruction: English

#### RESEARCH METHODS FOR ECONOMICS

## **OBJECTIVES:**

- To enable the students to know about the various methods for doing Economic Research
- To enable the students to know about the various methods of data collection and processing and to draft the report.

#### Unit – I

Introductory aspects of Research Science – its Meaning and Characteristics – Specific Features of Research in Social Sciences as Opposed to Physical and Natural Sciences – Objectivity in Research – Dialectical and Historical Materialism.

#### Unit – II

Methods of Research Methods of Research – Deductive and Inductive Reasoning – Steps of Scientific Method – Historical Methods – Case study – Sample Surveys – Various Sampling Methods – Importance of Proper Sampling Design.

#### Unit – III

Steps in Research Steps in Research – Formulation of a Research Problem – Guiding Principles in the Choice of a Research Topic – Role of Review of Literature – Formulation of Research Design – Model Building – Hypothesis: Concept, Definition, Formulation and Testing.

#### Unit – IV

Sources of Data & its preparation Secondary Data – Some Importance Sources: NSSO, CSO, Economic Survey, Annual Survey of Industries, RBI Reports, Primary Data Collection – Tools – Observation, Schedule, Questionnaire, Projective Techniques – Principles Underlying Construction of a Questionnaire – Preparation of Master Table – Data Processing – Analytical Tables.

# Unit – V

Report Writing – Structure and General Format – Style – Use of Footnotes – Citations – Presentation of Tables, Diagrams, Charts and Maps – Bibliography.

# **REFERENCE:**

- 1. Research Methodology, P. Ravilochhanan (2003), 2nd Revised Edition, Margham Publications, Chennai. .
- 2. Research Methodology, P. Saravanavel (2014), 16th Fully Revised and Enlarged Edition, Kitab Mahal Agencies, Allahabad. G

# **Question Paper Pattern**

Maximum Marks: 75 Exam Duration: 3 Hours

Part A 10x2=20 Answer all Question (Two questions from each unit)

**Part B** 5x5=25 Answer all Question (Either or type – Two question from each unit)

Medium of instruction: English

# INTERNATIONAL ECONOMICS

# **OBJECTIVES:**

- To enable the students to know about the Economics of International trade.
- To enable the students to know about the role of Globalisation in development.

## UNIT – I

Theories of International Trade- Distinguishing Features of International Trade – Theories of absolute and Comparative Cost Advantages , Theory of Opportunity Costs – Hecksher – Ohlin Theory of Trade, Leointief Paradox.

## UNIT – II

Terms of trade and measurement of gains from Trade- Concept of Terms of Trade, their uses and limitations, Theory of Interventions – Tariffs, Quotas and Non-Tariff Barriers – Economic Effect of Tariffs, Quotas and Non-Tariff Barriers

## UNIT – III

Balance of Payment Meaning and Components of Balance of Payment – Disequilibrium in the Balance of Payment – Process of Adjustment and Gold Standard, Fixed and Flexible Exchange Rate-, Relative Merits and Demerits of Fixed and Flexible Exchange Rates

## UNIT - IV

Globalization – Trade and Implications- Rise and Fall of Gold Standard, Brettonwoods system, IMF and Emerging International Monetary System – International Trade and Financial Institutions – GATT/WTO, UNCTAD, World Bank and Asian Development Bank.

#### UNIT - V

Trade Policies in India- Trade problems and trade policies in India – Recent Changes in the direction and Compositions of Trade, Rationale and Input of Trade Reforms Since 1991 on Indian's Balance of Payments, – Instrument of Export Promotion – Working and Regulation of Multi National Corporations in India.

## **REFERENCE:**

- 1. International Economics, M.L. Jhingan (2009), 6th Revised Edition, VRIND Publications, New Delhi.
- 2. International Economics, D.M. Mithani (2005), 3rd Revised Edition, Himalaya Publishing House, New Delhi.

# **Question Paper Pattern**

Maximum Marks: 75 Exam Duration: 3 Hours

Part A 10x2=20 Answer all Question (Two questions from each unit)

Part B 5x5=25 Answer all Question (Either or type – Two question from each unit)

Part C 3x10=30 (Answer any three questions one question from each unit)

Credit :5 Semester – III Code: S3PEC11

Hours / week :6

Medium of instruction: English

# ECONOMICS OF GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT

# **OBJECTIVES:**

• To enable the students to know about various growth models.

• To enable the students to know about the various factors affecting economic growth.

- Unit I Economic Growth and Development Criteria Factors Affecting Economic Growth Vicious Nurske, Meir and Baldwin Technological Progress Production Function Approach to the Economic Growth
- Unit II Theories of Development Classical Theory of Development Smith, Ricardo, Malthus and Mill Karl Marx and Development of Capitalistic Economy Crisis in Capitalism
- Unit III Neo Classical Theory of Growth Meade and Solow Mrs. Joan Robinson's Growth Model Keynesian Theory of Development Post Keynesian Theory of Growth Harrod and Domar Model .
- Unit IV Approaches to Development Partial Theories of Growth and Development Big Push, Balanced Growth, Unbalanced Growth, Critical Minimum Effort Thesis, Low Income Equilibrium Trap Dualism.
- Unit V Social and Institutional Aspects of Development Development and Under Development Perpetuation of Underdevelopment Poverty Absolute and Relative Percapita Income, Inequality of Income Human Development Index Sen;s Index Quality of Life Theory of Demographic Transition Population, Poverty and Environment Economic Development And Institutions .

# **Question Paper Pattern**

Maximum Marks: 75 Exam Duration: 3 Hours

Part A 10x2=20 Answer all Question (Two questions from each unit)

**Part B** 5x5=25 Answer all Q (Either or type – Two question from each unit)

Part C 3x10=30 (Answer any three questions one question from each unit)

Code: S3PEC12

Hours / week:6

Medium of instruction: English

# FOREIGN INVESTMENT IN INDIA

# **OBJECTIVES:**

To enable the students to know about the Foreign Portfolio Investment in India

• To enable the students to know about the Foreign Direct Investment and its policies and its impact in India

## **UNIT I**

Foreign Investment-Meaning-Advantage of FDI- Disadvantages-Determinants of FDI-World Bank determinants-Portfolio Investment-Advantages and Disadvantages of Portfolio Investment

#### UNIT II

Foreign Direct Investment Policies in India- FDI Policy Regime-Recent Initiatives to attract FDI-Routes for Inward flows of FDI-Entry Options for Foreign Investors

#### **UNIT III**

Foreign Direct Investment- India's Performance in Global context-Foreign Investment Trends in India- Annual investment inflows-Top Investing countries-Sectors attracting highest FDI Inflows- India's share in FDI flows to developing countries

# **UNIT IV**

Foreign Direct Investment in Infrastructure-Introduction-Nature and options of Infrastructure finance- IIFCL-FDI in Service Sector- growth of Service sector in India

# **UNIT V**

Foreign Direct Investment- Manufacturing-Natural Resources-Knowledge Economy-Foreign Exchange Policy 1991- Export-Import policy-Measures to improve Foreign Ivestment in India

## REFERENCES

- 1. Fundamentals of Investment Management, V.K. Bhalle (2006), First Edition, S.Chand Company Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi
- 2. Foreign Direct Investment Contemporary Issues, Usha Bhati (2006), First Edition, Deep & Deep Publication Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi

## **Question Paper Pattern**

Maximum Marks: 75 Exam Duration: 3 Hours

**Part A** 10x2=20 Answer all Question (Two questions from each unit)

Part B 5x5=25 Answer all Question (Either or type – Two question from each unit)

Part C 3x10=30 (Answer any three questions one question from each unit)

## Semester - III

Credit :4 Hours / week :6

Medium of instruction: English

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

To enable the students to know about the Entreprenurshipd evelopment agencies in India To enable the students to know about the role of women in Entreprenurship development

# ENTREPRENEURSHIP DEVELOPMENT

- Unit I Concept Meaning Distinction between an Entrepreneurial and Manager –
  Nature and Characteristics of Entrepreneurial Qualities Types Functions
   Role of Entrepreneurial in "Economic D4evelopment.
- Unit II Project Management Project formulation Project Identification Evolution Feasibility analysis Project Report.
  - Unit III Entrepreneurial Development Agencies Commercial Banks DIC NSICO SID SISI All India Financial Institutions IDBI IFCI ICICI IRDBI
- Unit IV Woman Entrepreneurship concept Role Growth Problems Selection of in our toy suggestion for Development Role of Woman Associations
  - Unit V EDP in India Concept Need Phases Contents Target Groups Special Agencies of Sachems, Institutions Conducting Programmes Problems Evaluating Development Programmes.

## **Question Paper Pattern**

Maximum Marks: 75 Exam Duration: 3 Hours

Part A 10x2=20 Answer all Question (Two questions from each unit)

Part B 5x5=25 Answer all Question (Either or type – Two question from each unit)

Credit:4 Code: S3PECELIB

Hours / week:6

Medium of instruction: English

# **OBJECTIVES:**

• To enable the students to know about the scope of financial economics.

• To enable the students to know about the budgeting in India.

## FINANCIAL ECONOMICS

#### Unit –I

Nature and Scope of Financial Economics; Goals of Finance; Economics of capital Budgeting-Investment Criteria- Capital Budgeting and Computation of Cost of Capital, Capital Budgeting Under Constraints.

## Unit -II

Economics of Capital Structure and Firm Value- Net Income Approach, Net Operating income Approach-Analysis of Optimal Capital structure – EBIT & EPS Analysis, ROI & ROE Analysis, Ratio Analysis, Cash Flow Analysis

#### Unit – III

Economics of Dividends-Walter Model, Gordon Model, Modigliani and Miller Model-Key Dimensions of Dividend Policy; Economics of Working Capital-Estimation of Working Capital, Financing of Working Capital.

## Unit – IV

Economics of Cash- Cash Budgeting and its Simulation, Optimal Cash balance, Baumol Model, Miller and Orr Model; Economics of Receivables; Discriminate Analysis and Customer Classification; Economics of Inventory.

# Unit - V

Cost-Volume-Profit Analysis; Operating and Financial Leverage; Discounted cash flow Theory; Value Creation Approaches – Marakon Approach, Alcar Approach. McKinsey Approach, Economic value Added (EVA) Approach; Economics of Mergers and Acquisitions.

# **Reading List:**

- 1. A. Auerbach, "Corporate Takeovers: Causes and Consequences". University of Chicago Press, 1988.
- 2. A.Ch. Shapiro, "Modern Corporate Finance". Macmillan Publishing Co., New York, 1991.

# **Question Paper Pattern**

Maximum Marks: 75 Exam Duration: 3 Hours

**Part A** 10x2=20 Answer all Question (Two questions from each unit)

Part B 5x5=25 Answer all Question (Either or type – Two question from each unit)

Part C 3x10=30 (Answer any three questions one question from each unit)

#### SEMESTER III

Hours / week :6 Code :S3PECEL3C

Medium of instruction: English

# INDUSTRIAL ECONOMICS OBJECTIVES:

- To enable the students to know about the scope of Industrial economics.
- To enable the students to know about the new industrial policies in India.
- Unit-I structure and change Economics of Scale –

   Industrialisation in Planned Economics H.B. Chenery's

pattern of Industrial Change.

- Unit II Industrial Location Theories of Industrial Location Weber Losuch and Sargent Florance Hoffman's Hypothesis of Market Economics –factors affecting location.
- Unit III Industrial Finance funding to an Industrial unit Nature, Volume and types of institutional finance, Role of IDBI, IFCI, SFCS, Commercial Banks.
- Unit IV Industrial Policy and Economic Reforms Industrial Policy resolutions: 1948, 1956 Economic Reforms and their infect on Indian Industry Privalisation and disinvestment; a Pricing of Public utilizes in India.
- Unit V Project Planning and Appraisal Cost Benefit Analysis, net present Value, Internal Rate of return criteria – Balancing Private and social returns.

# Reference:

- 1. Industrial Economics, R.R.Barathwal (2010), New Age International Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 2. India Development Report, D.M.Nachane (2011), Indira Gandhi Institute of Development Research, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.

## **Question Paper Pattern**

Maximum Marks: 75 Exam Duration: 3 Hours

Part A 10x2=20 Answer all Question (Two questions from each unit)

Part B 5x5=25 Answer all Question (Either or type – Two question from each unit)

Medium of instruction: English

## **OBJECTIVES:**

• To enable the students to know about the role of agriculture and Industries in India

• To enable the students to know about the Planning in India.

# INDIAN ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND POLICY

- Unit I **Human Resource and Economic Development:** Size and Growth Rate of Population in India Sex, Age Composition and Density. The Theory of Demographic Transition Population as a Retarding Factor Family Planning Population Policy National Population Policy 2000 The Quality of Population National Human Development Report (2001).
- Unit II **The Agriculture Sector** Role of Agriculture in the National Economy Causes of Low Productivity Concept of Food Security Tenth Plan and Food Security Agriculture Under Ninth Plan Green Revolution National Agricultural Policy (2000) Agricultural Credit Marketing and Warehousing.
- Unit III The Industrial Sector Problems of Large Scale Industry Iron & Steel, Sugar,
  Cement and Petrochemical Industries Prospects of IT Industry –
  Industrial Disputes in India Its Settlement Social Security Measures. The
  Right to Strike and Supreme Court Judgment Sickness in India Industry
- Unit IV Planning in India Performance of Public Sector Enterprises –
  Disinvestment of Public Enterprises Privatization: its Meaning and Scope –
  Tenth Plan its Objectives, Target and Strategy Recent Five Years Plan
- Unit V Economic Reforms Economic Reforms in India Globalization and its impact in India WTO, Subsidies and Agriculture Impact of WTO on various aspect of Indian Economy Geneva Framework of WTO and India.

#### Reference:

- 1. Indian Economy, Ashwani Mahajan & Ganrav Datt, 67<sup>th</sup> Edition, S.Chand & Company Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 2. Indian Economy, Ruddar Datt, K.P.M. Sundharam, 48<sup>th</sup> new Edition, S.Chand & Company Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi

# **Question Paper Pattern**

Maximum Marks: 75 Exam Duration: 3 Hours

**Part A** 10x2=20 Answer all Question (Two questions from each unit)

Part B 5x5=25 Answer all Question (Either or type – Two question from each unit)

Credit:5 Semester – IV Code: S4PEC14

Hours / week:6

Medium of instruction: English

# **OBJECTIVES:**

• To enable the students to know about the Economics of Environment in India

• To enable the students to know about the Environmental regulaions

# **ENVIRONMENTAL ECONOMICS**

## **UNIT-I**

Economics and Environment – Inter linkages - Definition, role and significance of Environmental Economics - Theories of Environmental Economics- Market failure and Externality- Parties Optimality- Economic Efficiency - Environmental Quality as a public good.

## **UNIT-II**

Environmental Pollutions - air, water and noise- Causes and Controlling measures - Forest and Environmental Quality- Land use and soil Degradation - Cost - Benefit Analysis in controlling population

#### **UNIT-III**

Organization and Population vs. Environmental Quality - Effects of over population and Organization - Problems and remedies.

# **UNIT-IV**

Environment vs. Economic growth - Environmental Effects of Economic growth - Pollution vs. growth controllers - limits to growth - Criticism on limits to growth.

# **UNIT-V**

Environmental Education - Environmental Awareness - Environmental Awareness Movements in India - Silent value and Narmada Bachao Movements.

# **Books for reference:**

Kar pagam - Environmental Studies

Dr. S. Sankaran - Environmental Economics

## **Question Paper Pattern**

Maximum Marks: 75 Exam Duration: 3 Hours

Part A 10x2=20 Answer all Question (Two questions from each unit)

Part B 5x5=25 Answer all Question (Either or type – Two question from each unit)

Part C 3x10=30 (Answer any three questions one question from each unit)

Medium of instruction: English

# **OBJECTIVES:**

• To enable the students to know about the Marketing management in India

• To enable the students to know about the Pricing

# MARKETING MANAGEMENT

- Unit-1 Marketing Management Role of Marketing in Economic Development Objectives Marketing Functions at Micro and Macro Levels Market Planning Process Marketing Strategy Marketing Problems .
- Unit II Sales Promotion and Adverting Importance of Scale Origination Salesmanship and techniques of Scale Promotion Advertising Objectives Types and Function Advertising for Rural Markets.
  - Unit III Pricing Policies Objectives of Pricing Price Determination Procedure m- Discount and Allowances in Pricing Product line Pricing Legal Restrictions on Pricing .
  - Unit IV Media Selection Indoor Media: News Paper Magazines Radio /
    Broadcast Television Films Out Door Posters Printed Display –
    Travelling Display Factor Influencing Selection of Media Difficulties in Selection.
  - Unit V Marketing Research Nature and Technique of Marketing Research Trends in Marketing Research Marketing Plan for Exports Scope for Rural Marketing in India Future of Marketing Research Ethics in Treatment of Buyers.

#### Reference:

- 1. Marketing management Rajan sayena Fifth Edition(2001)Tata McGraw-hill publication company Ltd Newdelhi
- 2. Dr.N.rajan Nair, Sanjith R.Nair Seventh Edition (1993) Sultan chand&sons New Delhi
- 3. Marketing management in a Developing Economy P.K.Srivastava First edition(1991)Sterling publications Pvt Ltd. New Delhi

# **Question Paper Pattern**

Maximum Marks: 75 Exam Duration: 3 Hours

**Part A** 10x2=20 Answer all Question (Two questions from each unit)

**Part B** 5x5=25 Answer all Question (Either or type – Two question from each unit)

Credit :4 Hours / week :6

# MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

1.To enable the students to know about the application of managerial concepts to economics 2. To enable the students understand the importance of economics in managerial decision making

- Unit I Nature and Scope Applications of Economics to Managerial decisions Role and Responsibilities of Managerial Economists in the Emerging corporate scenario.
- Unit II Demand Forecasting Interview and Survey Approach Projections Short term forecasting Forecasting demand for new product forecasting method: Survey, Time series, Delphi methods.
  - Unit III Types of Pricing Transfer pricing Full cost pricing Odd number pricing peak –m load pricing of multi product firm Skimming vs Penetration. Price Discrimination sticky prices going rate pricing customary pricing Mark up, Mark down pricing.
- Unit IV Capital Budgeting the process Cash flows and out flows Valuation of future cash flows present value cost of Capital methods of ranking alternative investment project appraisal NPV, IRR Techniques inventory management Profit Measurement Break even Analysis Profit Policy, Planning and Forecasting.
  - Unit V International Business environment, WTO and Small business, changes in overall macroeconomic environment for business liberalization and deregulation implications for managers.

#### Reference:

- 1. Managerial economics, Dr.H.L. Ahuja Eight Revised Edition(2014),S.Chand&company pvt,ltd.new delhi.
  - 2 S.Sankaran Ninth Edition (2010) Printed and published by Margham publication, Chennai.
  - 3.R.L.Varshney K.L.Maheswari Fifteenth Edition(1995) Sultan Chand&sons, New delhiQuestion Paper Pattern

# **Question Paper Pattern**

Maximum Marks: 75 Exam Duration: 3 Hours

**Part A** 10x2=20 Answer all Question (Two questions from each unit)

Part B 5x5=25 Answer all Question (Either or type – Two question from each unit)

Code:S4PECEL4C

Credit:4

Hours / week:6

Medium of instruction: English

# STATISTICS FOR ECONOMICS

## **OBJECTIVES**

- *1. To strengthen the quantitative background of the learner.*
- 2. To provide tools for scientific research work.

# UNIT I

Testing of Hypotheses -Procedures – Types- Errors in Hypothesis- Standard Error - Estimation-Properties of Good Estimator.

## **UNIT II**

Test of Hypothesis - Large Sample Tests - Mean Test - Standard Deviation Test - Proportion Test - Correlation Test - Z Transformation Test. Small Samples Test - Student's T' Test - F Test - X2 Test (Simple Problems).

## **UNIT III**

Probability: Definition – Types – Types of Events – Theories – Binomial, Poisson, Normal Distributions. (Simple Problem)

#### **UNIT IV**

Correlation Analysis – Partial Correlation – Partial Correlation Coefficient – Zero Order – First Order and Second Order Coefficients – Uses and Limitations- Multiple Correlation: Coefficient of Multiple Correlations – Advantages and Limitations.

## **UNIT V**

Regression Analysis: Correlation and Regression Analysis Comparison- Multiple Regression Analysis- Reliability of Estimates – Coefficient of Multiple Determinations.

# **REFERNCES**

- 1. S.P. Gupta, Statistical Methods, Sultan Chand & Co., New Delhi.s
- 2. Tara Yaman, Statistics, Yamane, Taro, "Mathematics for Economists": An Elementary Survey, "2nd Edn. Prentice Hall, New Delhi.
- 3. D.C. Sancheti and V.K. Kapoor, Statistics: Theory, Methods and Applications, Chand and Co., New Delhi.

# **Question Paper Pattern**

Maximum Marks: 75 Exam Duration: 3 Hours

**Part A** 10x2=20 Answer all Question (Two questions from each unit)

Part B 5x5=25 Answer all Question (Either or type – Two question from each unit)

Part C 3x10=30 (Answer any three questions one question from each unit)

Credit :4 Semester – IV Code: S41PECEL5A

Hours / week :6

Medium of instruction: English

# MATHEMATICAL METHODS

## **OBJECTIVES**

- 1. To make the students understand the application of basic mathematic functions on economic concepts.
- 2. To understand economic concepts like elasticity from the view of mathemetics
- Unit I Nature and Scope of Mathematical Economics Real Number System Set theory – Concepts and operations of sets - Relations and function – constant – Linear, Quadratic, Cubic, Rational, Exponential and Logarithmic functions – Examples in Economics,
- **Unit II** Derivatives Technique of derivatives functions of one variable two variables application in Economics Demand, Cost and Revenue functions.
- Unit III Optimization Optimization. Problems involving one or two variables partial and total differentiation Application in Utility analysis Profit and revenue maximization Euler" s theorem.
- **Unit IV** .Linear Algebra Introduction to linear algebra vector and matrices Addition and multiplication Determinants Matrix inverse.
  - **Unit V** Cramer" s rule Simultaneous equations Input output model Linear Programming (graphical solution only)

# Reference:

- 1. Mathematics and Statistics for Economists, G.S. Monga 2004, Second Revised Edition, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 2. Fundamental Methods of Mathematical Economics, Alpha C. Chiang (1998), 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, McGraw, Hill book Company Pvt. Ltd., Singapore.
- 3. Quantitative Techniques, C.R.Kothai (2008), 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.

# **Question Paper Pattern**

Maximum Marks: 75 Exam Duration: 3 Hours

Part A 10x2=20 Answer all Question (Two questions from each unit)

Part B 5x5=25 Answer all Question (Either or type – Two question from each unit)

Credit :4 Semester - IV Code: S4PECEL5B

Hours / week :6

Medium of instruction: English

# FINANCIAL REGULATIONS AND BANKING SUPERVISION

- **OBJECTIVES** 1. To understand the revised control regime of Indian economy in the movement of financial inclusion.
  - 2. To know the extent of control and the tools of the regulatory bodies like RBI in instilling the public confidence
- Unit –I A Symmetric information and the ?rationale for Regulation of Securities Market, Financial Market Fragility, Review of Regulatory policies in Indian Emerging Markets.
- Unit II Structure of Primary and Secondary Markets, Dematerialization, Depositories, Credit Rating, Financial Institutions, Development Financial Institutions, Non-Banking Financial Intermediaries, LIC of India and UTI, Mutual Funds, Venture Capital, Bank Assurance.
- Unit III Indian Capital Market Integration, foreign Institutional Investor, Impact of Exchange Rate Variability in a Liberalized Regime, GDRs, ADRs.
- Unit IV Banking Regulation Act 1949, Financial Stability, Basics of Public Debt Management Issue of Government Securities Conduct of Monetary Policy Role of Gilt Market.
- Unit V Capitals Adequacy Regulation Basel Accord I & II. Accounting Standard Disclosure and Relationship Banking Mark to Market Accounting, Liquidity Risk and Contagion Market.

# Reference:

- 1. Financial Accounting for Management, Paresh Shah (2010), Oxford University, New Delhi.
- 2. Financial Services, Tripathy Nainai Prava (2007), PHI, New Delhi.
- 3. Investment Banking, Subramaniyam (2005), Tata McGraw Hill Education,

# **Question Paper Pattern**

Maximum Marks: 75 Exam Duration: 3 Hours

Part A 10x2=20 Answer all Question (Two questions from each unit)

Part B 5x5=25 Answer all Question (Either or type – Two question from each unit)

Credits : 4 Code : S4PECEL5C

Hours / Week : 6

Medium of Instruction : English

#### Semester - IV

(For Students Admitted from 2018 Onwards)

## **INVESTMENT ECONOMICS**

# **Objective:**

To provide students to know and evaluate the various sources of investments.

## Unit - I

Investment -Objective of investment-Investment Vs Speculation- Investment process-Sources of Investments.

#### Unit - II

Risk- Systematic and Unsystematic risk - risk and return, Capital and Revenue returns.(Theory Only)

#### **Unit - III**

Bank deposits- Post office saving schemes- Gold and silver- Real estate- Equity shares and Debts-Government Securities- Mutual Funds- Life Insurance and Tax savings

Investments.

## Unit - IV

Time Value of Money - Meaning- Current Money Vs Future Money- Present Value Interest Factor (PVIF) - Present Value Interest Factor Annuity (PVIFA) Future Value Interest Factor Annuity (FVIFA).

# Unit - V

Primary Market Vs Secondary Market- Fundamental Analysis- Economic Analysis- Industry Analysis- Company Analysis.

## **Text and Reference Books**

- 1. Natarajan.L -Investment Management, Margham Publishers, Chennai.
- 2. Prasanna Chandra -Investment Analysis and Portfolio Management, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, New Delhi
- 3. Pandian Punithavathy Security Analysis and Portfolio Management, Vikas Publishers, New DelhI

# **Question Paper Pattern**

Maximum Marks: 75 Exam Duration: 3 Hours

Part A 10x2=20 Answer all Question (Two questions from each unit)

Part B 5x5=25 Answer all Question (Either or type – Two question from each unit)